

Understanding Literary Terms — List View

Abstract	Figurative Language	Poetic Justice	Verse:
Action	Figure of Speech:	Poetry:	Monometer
Allegory	Antithesis	Alliteration	Dimeter
Allusion	Apostrophe	Assonance	Trimeter
Analogy	Hyperbole	Ballad	Tetrameter
Anecdote	Litotes	Blank Verse	Pentameter
Antagonist	Metaphor	Canto	Hexameter
Autobiography	Metonymy	Caesura	Heptameter
Biography	Personification	Cinquain	Octometer
Caricature	Simile	Closed Couplet	Point of View:
Character	Symbol	Consonance	First person
Characterization	Synecdoche	Elegy	Third person:
Cliché	Flashback	End Rhyme	Omniscient
Climax	Foreshadowing	Enjambment	Limited Omniscient
Comedy	Form	Foot:	Objective
Concrete	Genre	Iambic	
Conflict * types of	Gothic Novel	Anapestic	Protagonist
Connotation	Imagery	Trochaic	Pseudonym
Context	Impressionism	Dactylic	Pun
Denotation	Irony	Spondaic	
Denouement	Limerick	Pyrrhic	Realism
Description	Local Color	Free Verse	Renaissance
Dialogue		Haiku	Resolution
Diction:		Heroic Couplet	Rising Action
Archaic	Malapropism	Internal Rhyme	Romance
Colloquialism	Melodrama	Lyric	Romanticism
Jargon	Mood	Meter	
Profanity	Moral	Ode	Sarcasm
Slang	Motif	Onomatopeia	Satire
Trite	Myth	(Imitative Harmony)	Setting
Vulgarity	Narration	Paradox	Slapstick
Didactic	Narrator	Pastoral	Slice of Life
Drama	Naturalism	Psalm	Soliloquy
Dramatic Monologue	Novel	Refrain	Sonnet:
Empathy	Oxymoron	Repetition	Italian
Epic		Rhyme	Shakespearean
Epigram	Parable	Rhymed Verse	Stereotype
Epitaph	Paradox	Rhythm	Stream of
Epithet	Parallelism	Scansion	Consciousness
Essay	Parody	Stanza:	Structure
Exaggeration	Pathos	Couplet	Style
Exposition	Plagiarism	Triplet	Theme
Falling Action	Plot	Quatrains	Tone
Farce	Plot Line	Quintet	Total Effect
		Sestet	Tragedy
		Septet	Tragic Hero
		Octave	Transcendentalism
			Understatement